The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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DAILY GAZETTE.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The Latest Dispatches from Various Quarters.

—The outstanding legal tenders yesterday amounted to $381,289,715.

—There was no dissection yesterday of the bodies of the Siamese Twins.

—A State Convention of Inventors was held in Indianapolis, Ind., yesterday, and organized the Indiana branch of the Patent Association of the United States, and elected officers.

—Secretary Fish is emphatic in denouncing as untrue the statement of the Paris *Patrie* that sharply worded notes had recently been exchanged between the Governments of Germany and the United States.

—Stern Bros., of London, holders of three millions Mississippi levee bonds, have filed a bill in equity in the United States Circuit Court in New Orleans, asking for an injunction against the Louisiana funding bill.

—In the Senate of the Massachusetts Legislature, yesterday, a resolution annulling and rescinding the resolution of 1872 which censured Charles Sumner for his action relative to battle flags was passed by a vote of 26 to 7.

—The President has signed the act to provide for the removal of the Flathead and other Indians from the Bitter Root valley in Montana; also the act in relation to a monument to be erected to the memory of Chevalier de Tornay.

—The Board of Navigation Commissioners last night adopted resolutions favoring the opening up and improvement of great water lines, and denouncing what they term a false cry of economy. The Commissioners will to-day appear before the House Committee on Commerce in reference to the Louisville and Portland canal.

—The House Committee on Military Affairs yesterday considered a bill for the reduction of the army. Whatever reduction may be recommended in the number of regiments, it is not proposed to interfere with the pay of either officers or men, or to reduce the number of officers otherwise than by the reduction that may occur by death or other casualties.

—In the Senate of the Ohio Legislature a bill was introduced yesterday prescribing the rates of taxation for 1874. The following are the rates fixed by the bill: For general revenue, five-tenths of a mill on the dollar; for benevolent and reformatory institutions, nine-tenths of a mill; for interest and reduction of the State debt, eight-tenths of one mill; and for the support of the common schools, one mill.

—The question of a crusade against the whisky traffic in New York City has already been seriously discussed in leading temperance and religious circles. The decision whether an effort is to be made will depend upon the result of the temperance conference now being held at Albany, attended by most of the temperance leaders in the State. The State Temperance Alliance of New Jersey also had the subject under consideration.

—The temperance movement in Ripley, Ohio, was continued yesterday. There are only two saloons in the town that were not encumbered, and these are doing nothing now, and seem on the verge of surrender. The excitement was never so orderly before. Anxious drinkers are waiting for the *ne plus ultra* of this work, hoping for a reaction, but the ladies are vigilant, and their organization permanent. Dr. Bradford, the Kentucky temperance orator, spoke to a crowded audience last night.

CRIME.

—John Towson, who lives near Toledo, was knocked down and robbed in Columbus, Ohio, yesterday.

—At Jacksonville, Ill., yesterday morning J. Thomas, a traveling agent for a manufacturing firm in Peoria, was found dead in his room, having shot himself through the head.

—George A. Wilkins was arrested in Lominister, Mass., charged with murder in Calhoun county, Ark., on February 10, 1873. There he forfeited his bail and escaped, and also with mail robberies. He will be taken to Arkansas for trial.

—The Chicago police yesterday arrested T. W. Sheridan, a noted hotel thief, and captured several thousand dollars' worth of stolen property. While the officers were searching his rooms, Sheridan possessed himself of a pistol and shot himself in the head, probably fatally.

FIRES.

—The residence of George N. Black, in Springfield, Ill., one of the finest in that city, was burned yesterday morning. Loss about $15,000.

—A fire occurred yesterday afternoon in the Chinese quarter in San Francisco, which engaged the firemen about two hours, but finally prevented what might have been a very disastrous conflagration. The loss is about $14,000 It is reported that several Chinamen were burned to death in the upper stories of the buildings.

FOREIGN.

—The weather was very tempestuous on the southwest coast of Ireland yesterday, and some damage to shipping is reported.

—A heavy gale which prevailed on Tuesday on the Baltic Sea caused it to overflow along the entire eastern coast of Schleswig Holstein. The dykes protecting the low lands burst in many places, and great tracts of country are flooded. The damage to property is immense. Serious loss of life is feared.

CASUALTIES.

—George W. Needles, a farmer residing near Columbus, Ohio, while attempting to dismount from his horse, yesterday, was thrown down and trampled on, breaking his ribs, one of which penetrated his lungs, injuring him so that he died.

STATE NEWS.

HUNTINGDON was laid out in 1774, and so it can have a "Centennial" this year.

THE Sharon *Herald* says the Westman Iron Company will pay greenbacks hereafter. They will pay out $30,000 next pay day, February 21st.

THE financial condition of the Shenango Valley Agricultural and Manufacturing Society is in a very satisfactory state, $800.75 being in the treasury.

ALL of Dan Rice's property, sold by the Sheriff of Erie county last week, was bid in by the principal creditor, Dr. G. H. Spaulding. The homestead of Mr. Rice, at Girard, was bid in for $8,000.

AT a recent meeting of the Farmers' Club of Mercer, the following gentlemen were chosen officers for the ensuing year: President, Seth Hoagland; Vice Presidents, Hugh Rainey and Adam Boston; Secretary, J. D. Kirkpatrick; Treasurer, Thos. Alexander.

THE *North East Sun* says the wife of Henry Cooledge, living near Raymond's mills, while attending a protracted meeting in Green field church, some three weeks ago, suddenly arose and made some ridiculous remarks, since when she has been a raving maniac.

THE contract for the grading of the N. C. & F. Road from Mercer to Sandy Lake, has been let to Taft & Scott. The road, it is said, will pass through Stoneboro, on a level about twenty feet higher than the Jamestown & Franklin Railroad, falling to the grade of the latter in Sandy Lake Borough.

CURLY BROWN was instantly killed at Karns City on Tuesday afternoon. He was engaged drawing tubing from the Gallagher farm when a rope at the top of the derrick broke, letting the pulley block and tackle rope fall. The block struck Brown upon the back of the head, scattering his brains over the derrick floor and causing immediate death.

DAVID SLOSS, Esq., one of those rescued from the ferry boat accident at Sharon, has presented Hugh Woods with a handsome and valuable suit of clothes. Mr. Woods has also been presented with a handsome gold watch and chain by the Catholic people of Sharon, for his successful efforts in saving their pastor, Rev. K. O'Branigan, at the time of the same disaster.

THE annual election of the stockholders of the Pennsylvania Transportation Company, was held in Titusville on Tuesday, and the following gentlemen were elected as a Board of Directors: Henry Harley, Geo. K. Anderson, Joshua Douglass, C. B. Wright, W. H. Abbott, G. H. Blanchard, F. W. Ames, and A. R. Williams. After the election of directors, the board organized and elected the following officers: President—Henry Harley; Vice President—Geo. K. Anderson; Treasurer—W. H. Abbott; Secretary—Thomas W. Larsen; Superintendent—Wm. Warmcastle; Attorney, Joshua Douglas.

LATEST OIL NEWS.

Big Well at Petrolia—Production Declining at Modoc—"Fourth Sanders" at Karns City.

The Oil City *Derrick* of Wednesday says a big well was struck on Tuesday, on the McCafferty farm, Petrolia, by Harper Brothers, and is doing between six and seven hundred barrels, as near as can be estimated.

The fourth sand wells in the neighborhood of Modoc show a continuous decline, only one or two now pumping above a hundred barrels a day, and none flowing. A number have ceased to produce in paying quantities, several have been abandoned, very few are drilling, and the daily production of the entire Modoc district may be stated considerably under four thousand barrels.

The fourth sand wells on the McClymonds farm, Karns City, hold up among the best in the district, although much below their yield at the outset. Bussell & Hoffman's big spouter has gushed down to less than four hundred barrels. Colonel Woodward's No. 1 is doing two hundred, and his No. 2, struck a week ago, about three hundred.

FIRST EDITION.

HARRISBURG.

Allowing the Insolvent Debtor $600—Discussing the Usury Bill Again—Going Home for the Fight—The Interest in the Elections—Probable Adjournment on Thursday.

Special to the Gazette.

HARRISBURG, February 12, 1874.

SENATE.

The "Exemption" Clause.

Mr. WHITE introduced an act to amend the Homestead law,—the design of his amendment being to change the "exemption" clause so as to exempt $600, instead of $300 as now.

Report of Inquisitions.

Mr. ERMENTROUT, of Berks, introduced an act limiting the time in which inquisitions may be traversed in cases of lunacy or habitual drunkenness.

Drainage of Mines.

Mr. WALLACE, an act authorizing the owners of mines or quarries to drain them through the land of others, when necessary.

Mr. YERKES, of Bucks, an act to repeal the Jury Commissioners act.

Private Corporations.

Mr. WALLACE then called up his bill in reference to private corporations, and the Senate spent the remainder of the morning in its consideration.

HOUSE.

The "Usury" Bill.

The usury bill was called up on its second reading and the House branched out into another extended debate—which was principally a restoration of the arguments presented on Tuesday.

The bill as it stands is as follows:

SEC. 1. That from and after this passage of this act, it shall be lawful to charge and receive a rate of interest not exceeding ten per centum per annum, on the loan or discount of money; *Provided*, That when the rate exceeds six per centum per annum the contract shall be in writing and be signed by the borrower or party agreeing to pay the same.

The Allegheny delegation again took a hand in the discussion and were unanimous in favor of the bill.

Speaker MCCORMICK vacated the chair and spoke at length in its favor.

Messrs. BROCKWAY and COOPER TALLEY, were its chief advocates from the Democratic side of the House.

It is hardly likely that the bill will pass at this session, but its friends seem to be gaining ground, and it appears to be only a question of time.

The Philadelphia Fight.

There has been a sort of stampede of Philadelphia members for home. They want to participate in the municipal fight there next Tuesday.

Brockway's "Pass Bill."

Brockway's bill in reference to "passes" is not regarded with much favor here. It is generally conceded that the penalties are rather steep, and there is an impression that save in the case of public officials, it is a matter with which the Legislature has, or ought to have, nothing to do.

Selling Out.

Mr. Ben. Singerly is about to sell out his Harrisburg printing establishment to the newly elected State Printer, B. F. Myers.

Not Reported.

There has been no report of the Apportionment bill yet.

Adjournment.

Both Houses will likely adjourn to morrow, as the members are anxious to be at home to take a hand in their respective city elections.

Night Session.

The supplement to the election law, was passed to erst reading, on motion of Mr. Newmyer This supplement provides that the Election Assessors shall have no connection with the Property Assessors, except in townships &c., composing one district, where the same officer may act in both capacities.

Printing the Constitution.

The section of the Senate bill authorizing the Secretary of the Commonwealth, to pay papers which printed the new Constitution without the express authority of law, *provided* that the Secretary thought such publication was necessary, was defeated.

Mr. WEBB offered an amendment requiring the publication to be charged only at regular advertising rates, and not as reading matter, for as specified advertising. This was voted down.

The fifteenth section of the bill authorizing the Secretary to settle the accounts of the papers which published the Constitution by authority, was agreed to.

Mr. CHERRY asked that the Committee make an appropriation for the Western Pennsylvania Hospital.

The Committee on Constitutional Reform reported favorably a bill for the election of a Lieutenant Governor, and fixing the salary at five thousand dollars.

The bill for changing the venue in civil cases, and securing a more strict accountibility on the part of county officers, was reported negatively.

Geological Survey

Mr. TALLEY introduced a bill providing for a thorough geological survey of the state.

The House bill requiring railroad companies to erect gates at all dangerous crossings whenever six persons certify to the fact that such crossings are dangerous, was reported favorably from the committee.

The House bill repealing the usury laws was postponed until Friday week.

Adjourned. ARCTIC.

The Cassville Investigation.

The *Journal* of Huntingdon gives the following record of the investigation now going on at that place, in reference to the Cassville Orphan's school.

The part of the people was ably represented by Messrs. Vandersciles, of Philadelphia, Doty, of Juniata, and Brown, of this place. Surveyor General Beath appeared on the part of the Grand Army of the Republic. Guss was represented by Messrs. Petriken, Woods and Lyle, of this place. After a little preliminary skirmishing, Miss Kate M Handsel was called to the stand and qualified. She is an intelligent young lady, nineteen years of age, of prepossessing appearance and of remarkable memory. She proceeded to relate that she had been some four years at Cassville, that at four different times, commencing when she was between thirteen and fourteen years of age, A. L. Guss made improper advances to her. The testimony was simply horrifying. She stated that she had been compelled by fear to make affidavit of the falsity of these charges. She gave other most damaging testimony. She was subjected to a most rigid cross examination, covering a period of three quarters of an hour, which only resulted in strengthening every point related. In not a single instance did she fail to confirm her statement in chief. The truth of her statement impressed itself on everybody. She is a school teacher and one of the most respectable young women in Blair county. After a very questionable attempt to browbeat the witness and falling, Mr. Lytle withdrew from the case—a course which, if pursued by his colleagues, would have done them infinite credit. Miss Handcuff was corroborated materially by her mother.

The investigation is still going on.

THE INDIANS.

A General Uprising of Red Skins in Wyoming—The Red Cloud Agency Probably in Ashes—The Dead Bodies of Soldiers Mutilated by the Savages.

CHEYENNE, WY., February 11.—A telegram from Fort Laramie states that the mail-carrier from the Red Cloud Agency, with an Indian escort, just arrived, brings information that Frank Appleton, who was acting Indian Agent in the absence of Agent Saville, was shot on Monday night by a Minneconyce Sioux. On the same night fourteen mules were stolen from the Government freighter, Chas. Gorman, within three miles of the agency. At White Clay agency the Indians have driven off the beef herders and taken charge, saying they will do their own issuing. The corpse of Mr. Appleton has left, with the agency's doctor, for Fort Laramie. The doctor says he will not return to be made a target of. Troops have been telegraphed for, and the greatest excitement prevails.

A large fire was seen in the direction of Red Cloud agency last evening, and it has probably been burned ere this, as there appears to be a general uprising. The bodies of Lieut. Robinson and Corporal Coleman have just arrived at the post in a mutilated condition. Capt. Egan's command is expected to arrive at the fort to-night, as the Indians crossed back to the agency on the same day of the massacre. The Quaker Indian policy is now bearing fruit.

POLITICAL.

Connecticut Republican State Convention.

HARTFORD, CONN., February 11.—The Republican State Convention met here to-day and nominated Henry B. Harrison for Governor and John J. Waite for Lieutenant Governor. John Q. A. Stone, editor of the Windham County *Transcript*, was nominated for Secretary of State; Hon. David P. Nichols, Treasurer of the State, and Col. E. P. Pachet, Comptroller.

Resolutions were adopted declaring the States should be left to regulate their own internal affairs, endorsing the course of the national administration in reference to the recent election in Texas, opposing any further increase of paper currency, favoring an early resumption of specie payments and equal taxation, denouncing land grants to monopolies, demanding the prompt punishment of dishonest officials and strict economy in the National and State Governments, and favoring the formation of a bureau for the purpose of obtaining statistics and information relative to the condition of the laboring classes, upon which to base proper legislation, and submitting the question of the revision of the State Constitution to the people.

A telegram was received from Mr. Harrison accepting the nomination for Governor, and the convention adjourned *sine die*.

FORTY-THIRD CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION.

The Senate Engaged on the Bill to Equalize the Distribution of the Currency.

WASHINGTON, February 11, 1874.

SENATE.

The District of Columbia Investigation.

On motion of Mr. THURMAN, the memorial presented by him a few days ago, in regard to the government of the District of Columbia, and the memorial of the Governor of the District, were taken from the table and referred to a joint select committee to investigate the affairs of the District.

An Investigation.

Mr. BAYARD asked that the resolution offered by him yesterday, calling upon the President to inform the Senate whether any officer of the United States army on duty in South Carolina had been instrumental in procuring legislation in that State to compensate him for service rendered in the discharge of his duty, &c., be passed.

Equalization of the Currency

Without action on the resolution, and the morning session having expired, the Chair announced as the regular order the unfinished business of yesterday, being the bill for the withdrawal of twenty-five millions national bank currency from those States having an excess and the reissue of it to States not having their *pro rata* of currency.

Mr. BAYARD moved that the bill be laid aside informally, and that a vote be taken on his resolution without further debate.

Mr. PATTERSON objected.

Mr. Bayard's motion was lost, and the resolution went over.

Coinage of Silver.

The Chair laid before the Senate a communication from the Secretary of the Treasury in answer to a resolution of the Senate yesterday in regard to the coinage of silver to take the place of the present fractional currency. The Secretary says it will take four years to coin enough silver to replace the fractional currency. Referred.

Equalization of the Currency.

The regular order, the bill to withdraw twenty-five millions national bank currency, was proceeded with.

The amendment offered by Mr. Sherman to the section authorizing the Comptroller of the Currency to issue twenty-five million dollars to those States having less than their proportion, declaring that the Comptroller might do so without waiting for the return of circulating notes of other banks, was agreed to.

Mr. MERRIMON moved to strike out the words "twenty-five" relating to the amount to be withdrawn and re-issued, and insert in place thereof "seventy-five."

Mr. LOGAN opposed the passage of the bill.

A lengthy discussion took place, which was participated in by members from the New England and Middle and Western States, but without action on Mr. Merrimon's amendment to insert "seventy-five" in place of "twenty-five," the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

Bills Reported.

Mr. LOWE, from the Committee on Indian Affairs, reported a bill extending to January 1, 1875, the time within which settlers on Cherokee scrip lands in Kansas may make proof of their settlement and payments; deferred payments to bear five per cent. interest. Passed.

Mr. GEDDINGS, from the Committee on Indian Affairs, reported a bill authorizing the Secretary of War to construct and operate a line of telegraph connecting the military posts on the line of the Rio Grande. Referred.

Also, a bill for the removal of the Alabama, Ouachita and Muscatine Indians from Texas and Louisiana to the Creek Nation in Indian Territory. Referred.

Mr. SHANKS, from the same committee, reported a bill relative to private contracts or agreements made with Indians prior to the 21st of May, 1872. The bill requires that contracts should be submitted to the Secretary of State for official examination, and should be endorsed either as not being exorbitant or fraudulent or as being exorbitant or fraudulent, and until such contracts are endorsed by the Secretary of the Interior and the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, their legality must not be recognized by any Government official. The bill was passed.

Mr. COMINGO, from the same committee, reported a bill

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THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1874.

BONDS at Frankfort 98⅛.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 33f.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 112¼.

THE *Post* accords to Mr. Magee the "clerkly abilities required in the Treasurer's office."

THE proposed autopsy of the Siamese Twins is to be conducted privately, but intelligence as to the result is anticipated within a few days.

THE Governorship of Colorado is the source of a bitter contest in Washington. McCook is nominated, but there is a decided hostility to his being confirmed. So far the chances seem to be in his favor.

THE Water Extension bonds were not taken from the Treasurer's office, as the *Post* asserts, but were under the control of the Water Commission. Fight away as hard as you please, but keep to the truth.

BOTH branches of the Legislature will adjourn to-day till after the Philadelphia and Pittsburgh elections. This will enable the members to return home and take part in the contest in their respective cities.

SENATOR SUMNER is the chief opposer, it is understood, of the Centennial appropriation measure. We fear that Congress will be asked to contribute too large a sum, and that the appropriation will fail for this reason, if no other.

SENATOR BOUTWELL has introduced a National Bank restraining bill, which prohibits national banks from paying or receiving interest on deposits, and requires them to keep seventy-five per cent. of their deposits at home. It is designed to remove what is supposed to be one of the causes of the panic.

THE annual meeting of the Oil Creek and Allegheny Valley Railroad was held at Philadelphia yesterday. The report of the Superintendent showed a falling off in business, owing to the depression of the oil trade, and other local causes. The purchase of other roads promises, however, very soon to enhance the value of the Valley road.

WE ask our readers to remember that the Mayoralty election, in this city, is a straight contest between the Republican and Democratic parties. It is not a question of Reform,—but of partisanship—unless the substitution of a Republican for the present Democratic Mayor is accepted as a Reform. This is what it really is, and if Republicans stand by their ticket, it will be elected.

AT THE meeting of the stockholders of the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad, on Monday, the following named gentlemen were elected the Board of Managers for the ensuing year: W. H. Wilson, J. Edgar Thomson, Wistar Morris, Strickland Kneass, Joseph W. Gaskill, Josiah Bacon, A. J. Derbyshire, John M. Kennedy, Samuel G. Thompson, and J. Alexander Simpson.

THE Councils of Wheeling, on Tuesday evening, repealed the ordinance that appropriated $300,000 to the Wheeling and Lake Erie Railroad and a like amount to the Wheeling and Ohio Union Railroad. The influences of the panic had more to do with this action than anything else. The authorities of Wheeling do not want to jeopardize the future prosperity of the city in any more railroad enterprises until they can see their way clearer.

WENDELL PHILLIPS has his scheme of currency reform. He proposes that a currency for home use, and one for foreign trade be provided. His idea is to issue $1,200,000,000 in currency, loan it to the banks, and secure thus about one-third of the interest now being paid on the national debt. We have already, two forms of currency. Gold is used for international currency, and greenbacks for national currency. England uses Bank of England notes for home currency, and gold for dealings with other countries. Whether the plan of loaning currency at a certain rate of interest will operate is another matter.

WE PUBLISH to-day a card from our Washington correspondent, giving his statement of the manner in which he was imposed on by what is known in press circles as a "Bohemian Bummer," a class of men who lurk around Washington, blackmail public men, and write persons up or down for a night's lodging. In order for these men to make a living, they must have a journal to print their articles, and we are not surprised at the *Leader* of this city being the one to do their dirty work here. If "Diamond" knew the character of the *Leader* and how little it is thought of by our citizens, he would pass it by in silence. It is well known that its editor's pen is ever ready to write bitter things of any person, be he a minister of the gospel, a merchant or a poor sewing girl.

GREAT is Reform, and wonderful are Reformers. The Chicago *Inter-Ocean* says of McClure's Horticultural Hall speech, that he "charged fiercely upon everything that has happened and is to happen in Philadelphia up to the night of the 17th instant (when he expects to be elected Centennial Mayor,) as thievish, corrupt, venal, debasing and diabolical." Stating the assertions there made—that the city debt has attained an unconstitutional sum; that there is not a single creditable street, and that the public buildings are surpassed by those of a majority of the counties; that the improvements must stop or excessive taxation be applied; and that nevertheless the cradle of liberty must present a monument without stain; the highways must challenge the admiration of the monarchies we have shown to be useless; our public improvements must be imposing tributes to our thrift and progress—the *Inter-Ocean* asks "how these inconsistencies are to be reconciled in two short years by one small man?" and observing that "Colonel McClure once denounced Democrats as bitterly as he now denounces Republicans," wants to know if he thinks them more honest and trustworthy now? This fairly represents these blatant people, whose sole idea of Reform is self-aggrandizement. We have one in this city, who kept a close mouth on municipal affairs till nominated by the Democrats for the Mayoralty, when suddenly everything needs reforming! Yet when this very person was in the Constitutional Convention he voted himself $2,500 for services he was elected to perform for $1,000. This is the latest exemplification of reform we have had from him.

THE ALLEGHENY ELECTION.

The Republicans of Allegheny have put in nomination David L. Smith, as their candidate for Mayor. Against him Ormsby Phillips has nominated himself, and is endorsed by a number of his friends. The Democratic party has Peter Fairley as a candidate, and William B. Ross is in the field, with M. Shellaby as an independent candidate The nominations were made on the Crawford system, and the record shows Mr. Smith to have received a plurality vote. He is, therefore, the regular nominee of the party, and as such should, and doubtless will, receive an election at the hands of the party. It is admitted that he will make an efficient Mayor, and will administer the duties of his office, in all particulars, in an efficient and proper manner. That he will be elected hardly admits of doubt.

Were it possible for Mr. Phillips to be elected, he could hardly be commended as, in all respects, the fittest person for the position he seeks. In this we do not wish to be understood as reflecting upon him as a man, but simply as indicating that his experience has not been such as to eminently fit him for a magisterial office. This aside, and we do not favor, nor will any calm-minded Republican favor, the means made use of to defeat the regular party candidate. In times of excitement persons who think themselves aggrieved are apt to favor efforts of the character represented by Mr. Phillips to defeat the ticket. Sooner or later they are compelled to learn that these bolts are evils, and the precedent once established, may be made to apply in a very undesirable and unexpected manner. And a Republican who sets himself up in opposition to the ticket, as really *bolts* the nomination as though he and his party were to march out of a nominating Convention. Let this system of bolting be recognized, and the party is irretrievably ruined. It at once loses the moral force essential to give success to its ticket, even when the best nominations are made. We therefore advise, even when nominations are not entirely satisfactory, that it is better to ratify than to admit evils that will prove peculiarly troublesome in the future.

The Republicans of Allegheny have selected a candidate for the Mayoralty who will undoubtedly make an efficient and excellent officer. The contest for the nomination was open, fair and thorough. The count of the votes, by the regularly constituted authorities, settles this matter at once and entirely. There remains but a single duty—to go forward and elect the candidate, and thus, by a majority that will utterly destroy all hope in the future of breaking up the action of the party, by means of irregular, outside movements. We are entirely confident that this will be done. Additional to the question of principle involved is that which grows out of the qualities of the candidates. The regular ticket undoubtedly represents the best material for an efficient, energetic Mayor.

THE LINE OF DUTY.

The tortuous tactics adopted by the Democratic party, in our impending city election, should induce Republicans to look squarely in the face all the issues involved. They claim to be Reformers, yet nominated a ticket whose head is a Democrat of the most reactionary type. Their "organ" announces that the Republican is a "Ring" ticket, and that the "Ring" will spend $20,000 to get rid of McCarthy! If it were a question of "rings," it might be truthfully said that there are two such in the Democratic party, and that while the Mayoralty nomination is controlled by one, the Treasurer and Controller are under the domination of the other. But the simple fact is, that the Republican party never made nominations so entirely free from Ring influences, as those before the people now. As we intimated yesterday, the only Ring that attempted to control things was defeated. As against Magee and Snodgrass, no opposing candidates appeared, and no difficulty or doubt has been felt concerning their nomination.

It is an admitted fact that the chief contest will be over the Mayoralty. A few facts on this point will be in order. In the first place, experience has proved that a Democratic Mayor, as the head of a Republican government, is unfortunate. We have had nearly three years' experience on this point—and with this result: A lack of sympathy between the several departments of government, and consequent openings for scandals, misdemeanors, and wrongs, of various kinds. Mayor Blackmore is a Democrat, and aside from the irregularities charged against his administration is the fact of a lack of sympathy, and influence over the other departments. The water bond troubles are partially traceable to this. The Mayor felt, probably, that he had only to sign—the responsibility of management resting with those who represented the party in power. With a Republican Mayor as the head of a Republican city government, a sense of responsibility will be felt in all departments, and care exercised against frauds and wrongs.

Whatever may be said of Mr. McCarthy in other respects, it cannot be doubted or denied that he has pursued a proper course as regards the city finances. Had the guards and checks proposed by him been regarded, it is safe to say that the endangerment of city moneys, through the water bond irregularities, would never have occurred. We think it a fair presumption that he will carefully watch over these interests in the event of his being made Mayor, and that danger of this kind will be avoided.

Another point is that of a fair representation of the masses, and the effective administration of the office. We have no question that McCarthy represents more perfectly the prevailing political sentiment of the city. The Republican element is largely predominant, and has the right to be represented. The office requires one who shall know its affairs, and administer them in a proper manner. That McCarthy fully comprehends the situation of the municipality, as regards its legislation, its finances, its improvements, its police commissions, and, in brief, all that pertains to its position and management, and will not, we judge, be seriously denied. We have nowhere heard it intimated that he will not be likely, ably and honestly, to administer its affairs. He will thus represent the dominant party, and effectively administer the duties of the office.

We do not purpose to mistreat or misrepresent Mr. Guthrie. His principal employment in life, so far as we have ever heard, has been that of office-seeker and office-holder. In any position requiring more ability than a mere clerk, we have never heard of his achieving success. He certainly lacks force of character, which is the basis of Executive ability. We do not credit him with a high order of intelligence; his associations are with ultra Democrats; and aside from a certain stiffness of manner, which is often mistaken for dignity, we do not know of what special qualities he is possessed. He was elected to the Constitutional Convention at a prescribed salary of $1,000, and voted for and took $2,500. If he did anything more than occupy his seat and vote, we never heard of it,—unless it be the taking of $2,500 mentioned above. Do we of Pittsburgh want a Mayor of this kind?

Mr. McCarthy does not bring sanvity of manners, but he does bring honesty of purpose and ability; he may not have filled so many offices as his competitor, but in what he has occupied he has rendered good service to the city. He never took an office at one salary, and voted himself twice and a half as much more. He is a Republican, Guthrie a Democrat. He is a man of the people,—Guthrie of the aristocracy. Which man should the people elect?

Coarse and Fine Flour.

The London *Dietetic Reformer* shows, by scientific data, that wheat meal, which is cheaper than bolted meal or fine flour, contains one-third more nutriment than flour does, from which the bran has been sifted. Fine flour, according to this journal, is not food at all, in the proper sense of the term; that is, the elements of the grain, which are separated in the process of bolting, being essential to perfect nutrition, those who use fine flour are obliged to subsist mainly on other things, or lose their health —that ne one, therefore, who makes baker's bread a principal article of food can long maintain health, while those who use wheat meal bread, unfermented and unadulterated, can maintain their health with a very small addition of other foods.

A REMARKABLE SCOUNDREL.

A Notable Case of Imposture.

A few weeks ago there died at Spoleto, Italy, a man who, at one time, successfully deceived a Pope of Rome, and scandalized the whole Roman Catholic Church. His name was Abraham Cashiour, and he was an Egyptian Copt. The son of a fruit peddler of Cairo, he was brought to Italy, and educated at the college of the Propaganda. Here he gave out that his father was of immense wealth and great influence with the Viceroy, and that, if he (the son) were made Patriarch of the Catholic Copts, the schismatic Copts would, in a mass, abjure their schism, and return to the fold of the true Church. Leo XII., who was then Pope, was deceived by this report, consecrated young Cashiour as Patriarch, installed him in elegant apartments, and provided him with all the surroundings suitable to his rank. The Patriarch received cardinals, patricians, and embassadors, while the people crowded around his carriage to kiss his outstretched hand. It was observed, however, that the new Patriarch was very slow to go and take possession of his patriarchate. He lingered about Rome, evidently enjoying the homage he was receiving. It was observed that letters he had shown to the Pope, as coming to him from Egypt, were written on Pontifical paper, and suspicions being aroused, the Pope appointed a priest, Canestrari by name, to watch him.

Cashiour, seeing that his star was beginning to pale, decided to start for Egypt with the priest. Of course, all this was before the days of railroads—about 1826—and the false Patriarch traveled slowly along in his state carriage. He traversed the southern part of the Pontifical States, Sicily and Malta, everywhere honored and feted, and distributing, as he passed, his benedictions from the window of his coach.

In due course of time the ship conveying the Patriarch and the priest arrived at the port of Alexandria, and Cashiour sent Canestrari in advance to arrange with the consular corps and the local authorities for his ceremonial disembarkment. Either he did this in sheer desperation, or he had some faint hope that he might still carry on his imposture. But his career of successful fraud was at an end. Mehemet Ali, on hearing that Rome had sent with great pomp a Patriarch whose mission was to bring back the schismatic Copts to the Romish Church, flew into a passion; declared that the new Patriarch was an impostor and threatened to impale him if he dared to come back on shore.

So Canestrari took Cashiour back to Rome, where the unhappy Copt was tried by the Inquisition and sentenced to ecclesiastical degradation and to imprisonment for life.

For more than twenty years he lingered in prison, until in 1849 the short-lived Roman republic of that day set at liberty all the prisoners found in the dungeons of the Inquisition. Cashiour was among them; but a year later he decided to throw himself on the mercy of Pius IX, who then had just remounted his throne.

The Pontiff was touched by this mark of confidence, pardoned the penitent impostor, and even permitted him to resume the ecclesiastical garb and to say mass. He also assigned him a pension of 1,500 francs. For a time Cashiour lived at Rome, but finally left the metropolis for Spoleto, where he could support life more economically. His death brought to its close a strange and chequered career. At this date, with the general use of telegraph and mail facilities, such an imposter would be impossible.

BURIED TREASURE.

Whisky in the Missouri River.

There is no event in Western history, the St. Louis *Republican* thinks, that is remembered with a more undying fondness than a tragic affair that occurred on the Missouri river, opposite the town of Waverly, about fifteen years ago. This was the sinking of a gallant steamboat, with a cargo of 300 barrels of whisky. The dwellers on the banks of the river, for twenty miles above and below Waverly, have never forgotten it—and they never will. They remember it as freshly as if it had happened only last week. They know the very spot where the gallant steamboat went down, and though their eyes have never been gladdened with the sight of barrel, or a hoop of a barrel involved in the catastrophe, they comfort themselves with the perennial faith, which no amount of skeptical hydrographic reasoning can shake, that that blessed liquor is "thar" yet, and that it will be recovered some day. Each passing year only adds a touch of mellowness to the submerged nectar, and another decrease to the fondness with which the disaster is remembered. When this 300 barrels of rectified went into store it was worth only about seventeen and a half cents a gallon; now it is worth, internal revenue tax included—well, there is no telling how much it is worth. Three times have attempts been made to get at the subfluvial treasure, and three times have the divers, watchers, and workmen, after getting down almost to it, been forced to abandon the search without getting it. Every annual subsidence of the river is watched and learnedly speculated on, for its bearing on the question of recovery, until what these watchers and workers don't know about the dynamics of rivers isn't worth knowing. Two weeks ago the tantalizing waters fell to a point never witnessed by the oldest inhabitant, uncovering mud and snags that had never been uncovered within the memory of man, and actually exposing the very spot where the boat went down. The whole region round about was brightened with the hope of recovering the treasure, and scores of men went to work with a will, endeavoring to disentomb it before the river should rise again. The way they labored was a sight to behold; but all to no purpose. The malignant river took a rise just, apparently, as they were ready to grasp the coveted prize, reheaped the sand on the buried barrels, thus indefinitely protracting this pathetic tradition.

ROMANCE.

A Love Story Told by Henry Ward Beecher in a Sermon.

Tom was a strapping, healthy boy, with a great appetite. He lived up in the mountains among the charcoal-burners until he was nineteen. Then he went down into the valley and hired out to a farmer. Tom was a scullion and a drudge, and first along the farmer hesitated to trust even the hogs to his care. But there was a glimmering of something in him that showed just a little through his uncouthness. After a year or two he became a full farm-laborer, a broad-shouldered, deep-chested, powerful fellow, who made himself clumsily useful. Well, about that time the farmer's daughter came home from school. What a revelation she was to Tom. He never knew until then what it was to worship any thing, nor how awkward and coarse he was. He would have given all he had, which was not much, to learn how to get into a room without hitting the door, or what to do with his hands, or how so sit down right. He began to change his clothes for better ones when he came in from the day's work, and there was about him the dawning of improvement. Finally the great day came. He stood trembling before the farmer's daughter; the hard word was spoken, and she did not repulse him. In all there is nothing in the life of a man which rouses and stirs him as love. Tom went to wrestling matches, and what a vim there was in him. He read, he went to church, he wanted to see how good people acted. And when, after a good life, he grew to be an old man, and talked in a trembling voice to his grandchildren, he used to say, "Oh, what a wife she was to me. Whatever I became she made me." The world is full of just such instances of blessed influence.

The Humors of an Old Man in Office.

About three weeks ago General F. E. Spinner, Treasurer of the United States, before his departure for Florida, received a letter requesting the redemption of an inclosed $20 Confederate note, or information as to where redemption could be attained. General Spinner gruffly told his clerk to tell the man to go to the chief of a very warm place. The clerk put this in very polite but distinct language, and General Spinner signed the letter. The other day an answer came. It was to the effect that the owner had done as requested, and that Pluto had redeemed it with promptness. He added that as he was leaving Pluto's banking house that dignitary informed him that the Treasurer of the United States was well known there as a partner in the concern, and the influence of any recommendation he would make was sufficient to secure its adoption. The wag goes on to say that Pluto spoke very highly of his friend Spinner.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,
No. 81 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.
CHARTERED IN 1862.
ASSETS January 1, 1873, - $778,251 56.
OPEN DAILY from 9 to 4 o'clock, and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from 6 to 8 o'clock, and from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of 6 per cent., computed from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn, compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of by-laws furnished at the office.
Board of Managers—George A. Berry, President; John Scott, James Park, Jr., Vice Presidents; D. S. McKinney, Secretary and Treasurer.
A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G. Follansbee, Joshua Rhodes, S. H. Hartman, Robert C. Schmertz, Christopher Zug.
Solicitor—John H. Bailey.

STRINGER'S PULMONIC SYRUP,
Prepared from a private receipt of a celebrated physician in England—is the only infallible remedy in this country for the speedy relief and cure of Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Croup, Hooping Cough, Hoarseness, Consumption, Spitting of Blood, Sore Throat, Asthma, Pains in the Chest, and other Pulmonary Affections, however long they may have been established.
Its agreeable acidity allays tickling or irritation of the throat like a charm, and thousands have been cured by it both here and abroad, after every other known remedy has been tried and found useless, and the skill of the physician has failed. Sold only at
JOSEPH BROWNE'S DRUG STORE,
Corner Penn avenue and Sixth street.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

PITTSBURGH.
FOR MAYOR:
WM. C. McCARTHY.
FOR TREASURER:
C. L. MAGEE.
FOR CONTROLLER:
R. M. SNODGRASS.

ALLEGHENY.
FOR MAYOR:
DAVID L. SMITH.

PERSONAL.

ALICE CAREY died this day three years ago.

MR. PETER COOPER'S eighty-third birthday occurs on Thursday, the 12th inst.

IT is affirmed that Whitelaw Reid will soon lead Miss Ida Greeley to the hymeneal altar.

THE anniversary of the birth of Abraham Lincoln is to be celebrated in Buffalo to-day, the 12th inst.

EX-QUEEN ISABELLA, of Spain, has offered to provide for the education of Marshal Bazaine's children.

DUDLEY WITNEY ADAMS, of Iowa, the head of the Grangers of the United States, is a native of Winchendon and a relative of Governor Washburn, of Massachusetts.

HERE is a picture of Secretary Belknap by a Washington scribbler: "He looks like John Rolfe in the honeymoon with Pocohontas. His flesh, colors and looks of boyish laziness, are all in the style of Rubens—yellowish beard with Autumn in it and pippin apples, brown corn, pumpkins, nuts and everything eatable. It is a beard to go after chincapins in. His eyes have the blueness of a sky under which boys are all day playing truant. He is athletic as the god Mars after a furlough in the fishing season."

JUDGING from the remarks of the St. Louis newspapers Miss Jane Coombs is a lady of remarkable histronic abilities. During her late engagement in that city she played the most difficult tragedy and comedy parts with a power that was astounding to the critics. One of them is likely to find in the remembrance of Miss Coombs' acting the proper inspiration for his future writings. He says: "In passionate scenes her intensity, power and feeling are electrifying, while in comedy she is brilliant, vivacious and sparkling, her very laugh bubbling over with merriment." Hereafter there can be no middle ground for him.

MR. WAITE is a member of the Episcopal church at Toledo. Judge Swayne and family and Judge Field and family also attend that church. Of course we ladies are interested in Mrs. Waite, and the accounts are not as favorable as those we have of the husband. She is reported to be extravagantly fond of dress and society. She is not handsome, but that will not make much difference here unless she puts on airs, and then she will be upbraided for that over which she can least help herself, beauty of person. I had the pleasure of being introduced to Judge Waite a year ago, when he returned from Geneva. He is a rather short, stout man, with features which are by no means handsome, the mouth being especially large, but the moment I looked at him I took his diagnosis. Here is a man who is above the men you usually meet in society, and if you wish to make yourself agreeable to him you must affect the superiority you are not conscious of possessing. He will then make an excuse to leave you in five minutes if you can't say something worth listening to.—*Washington Cor.*

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

IN the House of the Ohio Legislature a bill was passed yesterday to prohibit the killing of wild deer between December 1 and October 1.

THE President of the New York Produce Exchange has been requested by members to convene that body in order to consider what steps can be taken for the relief of the poor of that city.

A LETTER from Paris says the recent suspension of the greatest of French Catholic papers, *L'Universe*, at the instance of Prince Bismarck, furnishes a striking proof of how completely the French Government is subservient to German orders.

THREE brakemen of the Midland (N. Y.) Railroad attempted to force their way into a house in Norwich on Tuesday night, and in the quarrel that followed, one of them, named John Young, was shot dead by Albert Holmes, the alleged husband of one of the occupants of the house.

WM. A. CARSEY, Secretary of the International Association, says: The Internationals of the United States and Great Britain differ from those on the continent of Europe, in that, while the latter are willing to overturn Governments by revolution, the former believed their objects and aims, which were the equality of all and the stoppage of the exactions of capital and the oppression of working men, could be established by means of the ballot.

DEAN SWIFT'S recipe for courtship:
Two or three dears, and two or three sweets,
Two or three balls, or two or three treats,
Two or three serenades, given as a lure,
Two or three oaths, how much they endure,
Two or three messages sent in one day,
Two or three times out from the play,
Two or three tickets for two or three times,
Two or three love-letters writ all in rhymes,
Two or three months keeping strict to these rules,
Can never fail making a couple of fools.

POLITICAL NOTES.

GENERAL HAWLEY appears to be the coming man for Senatorial honors in Connecticut.

THE Wisconsin Legislature gets its chaplains without pay, the clergymen of Madison having volunteered to officiate.

MRS. MAXWELL is engrossing clerk, Mrs. Elliott is postmaster, and Mrs. Quixon is paper folder for the Iowa Legislature.

THE Akron *Times* has already hoisted the name of Senator Thurman as the Democratic candidate for President in 1876.

THE Democrats of Williamsport, this State, have nominated Martin P. Boher for Mayor, and Dr. W. F. Logan for City Treasurer.

THE Republicans of Waynesburg recommended Hon. R. C. Flenniken for the Lieutenant Governorship under the new Constitution.

HENRY RAWLE, Esq., of Erie, has been invited by a large number of his fellow citizens to become a candidate for Mayor of that city, and he has consented.

THE Indiana *Messenger* names Harry White as a candidate for United States Senator in place of Hon. John Scott, whose term expires on the 4th of March, 1875.

TO RUPTURED PEOPLE.

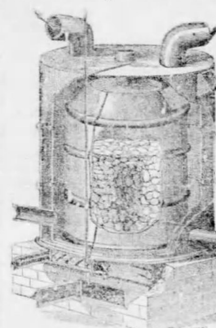
To the general public the subject of rupture or bubonocele is a matter of very little interest. To one-sixth of the male portion of the community, however, it is a matter of grave and serious import, as that proportionate number are afflicted with that direful malady. Many of those afflicted are hardly aware of the fact that they are so; and there are others again who are apt to mistake rupture for some other disease, and again some other disease for rupture. An a displacement of the kind of which we are writing it is a serious fault to be in error. A delay of one day in procuring medical relief has often been at the expense of a life. Those who read this, will thank us for the knowledge of the fact, that there is a relief in every case, and a cure in many cases, in which a cure may be thought impossible. We invite all persons who are ruptured or who suspect themselves to be so, to call and procure the right kind of an appliance or ascertain if an appliance is necessary. Trusses at lower prices than anywhere in the city, at DR. KEYSER'S, 167 Liberty street. Office private.

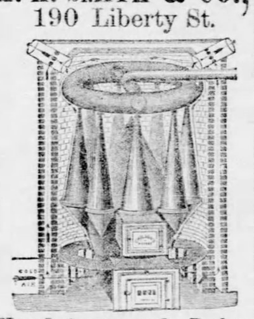
NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Hutchison & Co.
Iron Working Machinery
AND
MACHINISTS' SUPPLIES,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
28 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WM. M. FABER,
367 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
STEAM ENGINES,
IRON AND WOOD WORKING
Machinery,
STEAM PUMPS,
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
BELTING,
Woolen Machinery,
MACHINE CARDS.
Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies, A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.
Orders Solicited.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.
CARPETS!
OIL CLOTHS!
MATTINGS.
Hemp Carpets,
Cottage Carpets,
Rag Carpets,
2 and 3 ply Ingrains,
Tapestry Brussels,
Body Brussels.
Cocoa Mattings,
Straw Mattings
Cocoa and Thread Door Matts.
Lace Curtains,
Vestibule Laces,
Cornices, Window Blinds,
Window Hollands,
Window Fixings,
Stair Rods, &c., &c.
Pillow Case Muslins,
Sheeting Muslins,
Linen and Gum Sheetings,
Table Linens, in great variety,
Table Damasks,
Table Cloths, in all colors,
Tickings, Checks,
Ginghams, Chambrays,
Chintzes, &c., &c.,
Shirting Prints,
Mourning Prints,
Medium Dark Prints,
"Elastic Sponge,"
FOR PILLOWS, &c.
Extra Bargains on Counters in
DOMESTIC GOODS
AT PRESENT AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.
February 3d, 1874.
HAMBURG
EMBROIDERIES
OPENED
THIS DAY,
ANOTHER NEW LOT OF
3,000 PIECES.
New Patterns,
All Widths,
AT THE
LOW PRICES.
JOS. HORNE & CO.,
197 and 199
PENN AVENUE.
CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.
HENRY McCALLUM,
CARPETS.
NO. 51 FIFTH AVENUE.
CARPETS
REDUCED!
Brussels, Very Low.
Tapestries, Very Low.
2 and 3 Plies, Very Low.
Ingrains, Very Low.
Oil Cloths, Very Low.
Window Shades Very Low.
Mattings, Very Low.
Bovard, Rose & Co.,
21 Fifth Avenue
THE OPPORTUNITY
Presents itself to consumers to reap a benefit out of the ruin brought on the manufacturers by the panic in prices. All Goods at
Much Lower Prices
THAN HERETOFORE.
Bargains in
CARPETS,
Oil Cloths, &c.
OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO.,
23 FIFTH AVENUE.

DRY GOODS.
Trimmings,
Furnishing Goods,
Fancy Goods.
Bias Tucking,
Embroidered Letters,
Edgings and Insertings.
Embroidered Pillow Shams,
Tucked Pillow Shams,
Stamped Pillow Shams,
Ladies' Fine Underwear,
Misses' Fine Underwear, all sizes,
Misses' Complete Sets, very fine.
Ladies' and Misses' Chemise,
Ladies' and Misses' Night Gowns,
Ladies' Morning Wrappers,
Infants' Short Dresses,
Infants' Embroidered Robes,
Infants' Skirts and Shirts,
White Waists,
Colored Waists,
Alpaca Waists,
Ladies' and Misses' White Skirts,
Ladies' Striped Skirts,
White Skirting, Tucked and Embroidered.
Hats and Bonnets,
Bonnet Shapes, newest styles,
Bonnet Trimmings, &c., &c.
Ribbons and Scarfs,
Flowers and Feathers,
Handkerchiefs, Gloves, &c.
Hosiery,
Collars and Cuffs,
Sleeve Buttons, Jewelry, &c.
A Very Fine Stock in
Furnishing Goods,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 AND 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.
128
FEDERAL STREET.
B. 128. B.
NEW
Hamburg Edgings
AND INSERTINGS
IN
NEW STYLES
AND VERY LOW PRICES.
New White Silk,
Handkerchiefs in Brocade,
Plain and Broche Styles.
AT $1.00,
48 INCH BLACK CASHMERE,
Worth $1.25.
EXTRA BARGAINS IN
New Black Alpacas
and Mohairs,
New Blooming Black and superb finish.
We pay special attention to the purchase of our Black Goods stock, and sell them at a small advance over the cost. Hence, we feel warranted in saying that we give the best value, at all prices, in this market. Prices from 50 cents to $1.25 per yard. Call, examine and be convinced.
BOGGS & BUHL
128 Federal St.
ALLEGHENY.
CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.
McCALLUM,
CARPETS.
FIFTH AVENUE.
THE
FIERY FURNACE,

MANUFACTURED BY
Graff, Hugus & Co.,
ALSO,
MILES' IMPROVED
Star Range.
Improved Double-Oven
BOSTON RANGE,
VAN'S PATENT
PORTABLE RANGE
Parlor and Cook Stoves,
Fine and Common Enameled Grate Fronts, Fine and Common Enameled Fenders, Nickel Plated Grate Fronts, Nickel Plated Fenders, Wash House Furniture, Wash House Stoves, Coal Hole Doors.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
306 and 308 Liberty Street
DRY GOODS!
English Walking Jackets,
Shawls, Blankets, Merinos,
Serges, Cashmeres,
AND ALL
Winter Dress Goods
selling at Greatly Reduced Prices.
Table Linens, Sheetings and Shirtings very cheap at
H. J. LYNCH'S,
No. 96 Market Street.
SPEEDILY CURED.
ALL FORMS of Venereal, Private and Nervous diseases, at the old established Girard Medical Institute, No. 172 Second avenue, between Smithfield and Grant streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, Hernia, and all Urinary diseases are cured in the shortest possible time. Nocturnal Emissions, Impotency, Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal weakness or Impotency, as the result of self-abuse in youth or excess in maturer years and which produces some of the following effects, as emissions, blotches, debility, dizziness, nervousness, dimness of sight, cough, indigestion, constipation, despondency, confusion of ideas, aversion to society, loss of memory and sexual power, and which unfitsthe victim for marriage or study, and ultimately causing insanity and consumption, are thoroughly and permanently cured. A medicine supplied at the Institute. A medical pamphlet relating to private diseases sent in sealed envelope for two stamps. All communications confidential.
Patients treated by mail or express, but where possible it is desirable to visit the city for personal consultation, or address
GIRARD MEDICAL INSTITUTE,
No. 172 Second avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. Office from 9 A. M. to 7 P. M. Sundays by appointment.
no25-u48
HITCHCOCK, McCREERY & CO., 349 LIBERTY STREET, Have in Store for Sale, and to arrive
5 cars prime Oats.
10 cars Shelled Corn.
10 cars prime New Ear Corn.
2 cars Wheat.
100 sacks prime Timoty Seed.
10,000 Heavy Striped India Sacks, to which we invite the attention of the trade.
Pittsburgh, November 1, 1873.
WANTED!
North Pacific 7-30 Bonds.
Mortgage, $15,000, for Three Years.
Mortgage, $10,000 for Two Years.
Mortgage, $5,000, for Three Years.
Mortgage, $3,000, for Two Years.
Lake Superior and
Mississippi R.R. Bonds.
ALSO,
FOR SALE,
BANK STOCKS,
CITY BONDS,
INSURANCE STOCKS,
SCHOOL BONDS,
RAILWAY STOCKS.
RAILWAY BONDS,
GOVERNMENTS,
COMMERCIAL PAPER.
PUTS AND CALLS
On All Active New York Stocks.
$100 for 100 Shares.
Explanatory Circular mailed on application.
CALL ON OR ADDRESS
Luther S. Kauffman,
BROKER,
NO. 96 FOURTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH P. A.
NEW DISCOVERY
Edward's
NATURAL POLISH.
The Best Article in the World for all Purposes.
It will clean and polish anything and everything from the finest Gold Jewelry to the worst tarnished Locomotive Engine Driving Wheel.
For Sale by all Druggists and Grocers.
AGENTS WANTED to travel and introduce it through the country. Call and get a circular.
27 SIXTH STREET,
PITTSBURGH.
JOS. SPENCER. JAS. M'KAY. ROBT. LIDDELL
Phœnix Steam Brewery,
SPENCER, McKAY & CO.,
MALSTERS AND BREWERS,
ALE, PORTER AND BROWN STOUT
PITTSBURGH, PA.
ROBT. WATSON, Manager.
Window Glass
SAMUEL DUFF.....TERRENCE CAMPBELL
WINDOW GLASS MANUFACTURERS. As we keep in our warehouse a first-class cutter, we are prepared to fill all orders from a single light to five thousand boxes on short notice. We select the best sheet Glass to fill orders cut in our warehouse. It will be to the advantage of all parties wanting Glass to give us a call before going elsewhere. Warehouse on the corner of Market street and First avenue.
DUFF & CAMPBELL.
MERCHANT TAILOR.
B. TIEGEL,
NO. 52 SMITHFIELD STREET,
Just received, a full line of CLOTHS and CASSIMERES, for Fall Wear, at LOWEST PRICES.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS
DRESS GOODS,
SILKS,
CLOTHS, &c.
Delaines,
Reps,
Colored Alpacas,
Black Poplins,
Black Alpacas,
Black French Merinos,
Merinos,
Empress Cloths,
Cashmeres, Satines, &c.,
Black Silks,
Colored Silks,
Turquoise Silks, &c.
Broad Cloths,
Silk and Wool Mixed
Cassimeres, Jeans, &c.
New Shawls,
New Scarfs,
New Jackets,
New Black Suits,
New Colored Suits,
New Striped Suits,
New Piques,
New Nainsooks,
New Jaconets.
Tarlataines,
Swisses,
White Tucking.
Great Inducements
IN ALL OF THE ABOVE AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL ST. ALLEGHENY.
STOVES, RANGES, &c.
L. H. SMITH & CO.,
190 Liberty St.

Manufacturers and Dealers
IN THE
CHILSON
New Cone Furnaces
WELLMAN REFLECTOR
Grates and Stoves,
MARBELIZED
SLATE MANTELS.
ALSO
Common Fronts and Grates,
HOT AIR REGISTERS AND VENTILATORS, &c.
The Superiority of the Cone Furnace consists in its simplicity of construction, large amount of radiating surface, ease of management and economy in fuel, saving at least one-third of fuel over the ordinary Furnace.
THE WELLMAN REFLECTOR GRATE
Has an acknowledged reputation. For Cleanliness, Economy of Fuel and Heating Capacity it stands without a rival.
An examination of our stock is respectfully solicited.

DRY GOODS.
WM. SEMPLE
IMPORTER,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer,
165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.
STANDARD PRINTS.
Standard Muslins.
BLEACHED GOODS.
Table

FINANCIAL.

FRANKLIN SAVINGS FUND
And Safe Deposit Co.,
Corner 7th Avenue and Smithfield Street.
Incorporated by Legislature of Pennsylvania.

CAPITAL, - - - $250,000.

Interest allowed on Deposits. Short Loans on Valuable Property, Real or Personal. Discounts daily.
Open daily from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Saturdays from 7 to 9 P. M.
JOSEPH M. GAZZAM, President.
SAM'L A. LONG, Vice President and Business Manager.
DIRECTORS.
J. M. Gazzam, J. F. Smith, Samuel A. Long, And. J. Lea, Geo. M. Reed, Frank Konne, A. J. Boutbett.
JOHN G. MACONNELL, Solicitor.

SHOE AND LEATHER BANK,
14 Smithfield Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
CAPITAL. - - - $200,000.
GEO. H. ANDERSON, President.
JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.
Deposits received and 6 Per Cent. Interest allowed on Time Deposits. Particular attention given to Collections and proceeds promptly remitted.

GERMAN NATIONAL BANK.
Cor. Wood Street and Sixth Avenue.
CAPITAL, - - - - - - - $250,000
SURPLUS, - - - - - - - - 127,000
Interest allowed on time deposits.
Exchange on Germany, France, England and Switzerland at lowest rates. Collections make promptly on all parts of the United States and Canadas. Particular attention given to all business of correspondents.
DIRECTORS.—A. Groetzinger, J. F. Havekotte, W. F. Lang, J. C. Dickson, E. H. Meyers, Joseph Lang, Paul Hugus, Charles Ebbert, P. Hartman, A. Groetzinger, President; Joseph Laurant, Cashier.

International Bank,
Corner Liberty and Market Sts.
CAPITAL, $200,000.
Pays Interest on Deposits.
5 Per Cent. per annum upon daily balances—from inactive non-borrowing accounts—payable on demand.
6 Per Cent. per annum on special deposits for 60 days and upwards.
Special agreements relating to interest made.
Notes and Bills Purchased.
W. P. MELLING, President.
WM. NEEB, Vice President.
F. E. MOORE, Cashier.
DIRECTORS.
John Watt, Wm. Neeb, Joseph Wagener, H. H. Kuhn, W. McKee, James Irvin, W. H. Mechling, M. A. Sanner, Joseph Graff, J. C. Anderson, C. Schleiper.

DAILY GAZETTE.
FINANCIAL.
Latest Advices Concerning Money and Stock Matters.
OFFICE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, Feb. 12, 1874.

The better weather, and freedom from undue political excitement, exerted a beneficial influence on monetary affairs yesterday. The improvement in the market was manifested by a reduction in the rates for discount—paper being negotiated as low as 8 and 7 per cent. Real estate is beginning to show some activity, which will probably increase as Spring draws on. Trade, generally, showed a marked improvement.

There was a decline in the stock market yesterday, it being a reaction from the advance of a few days previous. Pennsylvania Central stock, in the Philadelphia market, has been advancing—now being at a half of one per cent. above par.

Luther S. Kaufman, Broker, No. 96 Fourth Avenue, furnishes the following quotations of bonds and stocks from the latest advices by telegraph:

	Tuesday.	We'day.
Gold closed at	112¾	112¾
U. S. 5-20s—1861—coupons	120¼	120¾
Do., do. 1881.	119¼	120
5-20 1862	117	117¾
5-20—1865,	119	119¼
" 1865 new.	118¾	118¾
" 1867.	119¼	119¾
" 1868—coupons.	119¾	119¾
10-40's	111¾	112
10-40's—coupons	115¾	115¾
Currency 6's	116½	116¾
New 5 per cents	113	113
RAILWAYS.		
New York Central	104¼	104¾
Erie	48¾	48¾
B. & E. E.	2¾	2¾
C. C. & I. C.	31¾	31¾
St. Paul	47¾	47¾
Do. preferred	73¾	73¾
Michigan Southern	82¾	82¾
Do. Guaranteed	92¾	92¾
North Western Common	60	59¾
Do. preferred	76¾	76¾
Rock Island	102¾	103¼
Cleveland & Pittsburgh	99¾	99¾
Pacific Mail	43¾	43¾
Western Union Telegraph	76¾	76¾
Ohio & Mississippi	24¾	24¾
Union Pacific	35¾	35¾
Toledo & Wabash	29¾	29¾
Harlem	130¾	129¾
Chicago and Alton	111¾	111¾
Adams Express	89¾	89¾
American Express	64¾	64¾
U. S. Express	71¾	71¾
W., Fargo & Co. Express	76¾	76¾
I. C.	107	107¾
Fort Wayne	99¾	99¾
Hannibal and St. Joseph		31¾
Do. Preferred		49¾

Messrs. Robinson Bros., bankers, No. 73 Fourth avenue, furnish the following quotations of live stock on the Philadelphia Stock Board today:

	Tuesday	We'day.
Penna. Central	9¾	9¾
Reading	57	57¾
United Cos. of N. J.	123½	123
Oil Creek	2¾	2¾
Lehigh Valley	60	60
A. V. R. R. 7-30	91	92
Central Transportation	43	43
Empire	50	50
Penna. scrip dividend	97	97

NEW YORK, February 11, 1873

The Treasury disbursements were $146,000. The customs receipts amounted to $359,000. Money was easy, with a liberal supply offering at 4@5. Sterling was firm at 484¾ for sixty days, and 488 for sight. Gold ranged 112@112¾, and closed at 112¾. The carrying rates were 1@1, closing at 1; borrowing, flat. The clearings were $44,000,000. State bonds were steady and dull. Governments were strong. Stocks were weak in the morning, with a decline of ¼@1¼. There was considerable activity in low priced shares. Later the market became firmer, with an advance of ¼@1 on the entire list from the lowest point of the day. The market closed steady. The sales between ten and two o'clock amounted to 118,000 shares of which 20,000 were Western Union, 10,000 Union Pacific, 10,000 Pacific Mail, 5,000 Wabash, 16,000 Lake Shore, 20,000 Northwestern, 6,000 do. preferred, and 8,000 Boston, Hartford & Erie. The latter declined to 2¾ on a decision against it by the Superior Court of Connecticut.

Governments—U. S. coupons, 1881, 119¼; 5-20's '62, 117¾; do. '64, 119¾; do. '65, 119¼; 5-20s, '65, new, 118¾; do. '67, 119½; do. '68, 119¾; new 5's, 113; 10-40's, 115¾; currency 6's, 116¾.

State Bonds.—Missouri, 93¾; Tennessee, old, 84¾; do. new, 84¾; Virginia, new, 45; do. old 38¾; North Carolina, old, 25; do. new, 18.

Stocks.—Canton, 82¾; Western Union Telegraph, 76¾; Quicksilver, 33¾; Adams Express, 98¾; Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express, 77; American Express, 64¾; United States Express, 71¾; Pacific Mail, 43¾; New York Central, 104¾; Erie, 48¾; do. preferred, 76; Harlem, 130½; do. preferred, 130; Michigan Central, 92¾; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago, 99¾; Northwestern common, 59; do. preferred, 76¾; Rock Island, 103¾; New Jersey Central, 93; St. Paul, 47¾; do preferred, 74¾; Toledo & Wabash, 33¾; do. preferred, 72; Fort Wayne, 93½; Terre Haute, 14; do. preferred, 34; Chicago & Alton, 111; do. preferred, 114¾; Ohio & Mississippi, 24¾; Cleveland, Columbus & Cincinnati, 84½; Burlington & Quincy, 110¾; Lake Shore, 84¾; Panama, 313½; Illinois Central, 107¾; Union Pacific, 35¾; Central Pacific, 96¼; Union, 86¾; Hartford & Erie, 2¾; Delaware & Lackawanna, 111¾.

LONDON, February 11.—5 P. M.—The amount of bullion gone into the Bank of England on balance to-day was £3,000. Consols 91¾@92¾; 5-20s of '65, 109; do of '67, 109¾; 10-40s, 106¾; new 5s, 103; Erie, 44¾@44¾; do preferred, 68¾.

PARIS, February 11.—Rentes 58f 75c.

FRANKFORT, February 11.—5 20s of '62, 98¾.

COMMERCIAL.

Condition of the Markets at Home and Abroad.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, February 11, 1874.

There is a good consumptive demand for all kinds of produce, and that, too, at very full prices—it is worthy of notice that farmers have good reason for everything they sell, considerably better, if we are not mistaken, than at this time last year. There is also a good demand for grain and groceries, and notwithstanding the inquiry is mainly to supply immediate wants, there is, nevertheless, a very fair business in the aggregate. In regard to values, there have been no recent transactions of any importance, to which reference has not already been made.

APPLES—Selling in a regular jobbing way at $4.50@4.50 ₱ brl, as to quality.

APPLE BUTTER—@25c ₱ gallon.

BEANS—$2@2.50 ₱ bushel.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Quoted at 3¾ to the trade, and 3¾@4 in small lots.

BUTTER—There is a steady demand, for the best grades, and prices are fully sustained, 35@36c for prime to choice roll—it requires something gilt edge to bring the outside figure.

CHEESE—Prime Ohio Factory is firm with an upward tendency. We continue to quote at 16@17c for the trade, and 16@16½c in a jobbing way.

CRANBERRIES—Selling in a regular way at $10@11 ₱ brl, as to quality.

COUNTRY LARD—@9c ₱ ₱.

DRIED FRUIT—Apples less active but unchanged, 8@8¼, as to quality. Peaches, 14@15 for halves; 10@12 for sliced, and 6@7 for peeled. Blackberries, 16@16.

EGGS—The market for fresh goods continues quiet and unchanged, 20@22. Pickled in good supply and difficult to dispose of at any price.

FLOUR—Is quiet and unchanged; $7.75@8.10 for spring wheat flours; $8@8.50 for red winter, and $8@10 for white. Rye Flour, $5.50@5.75.

GRAIN—Wheat continues quiet and unchanged; $1.55@1.60 for Pennsylvania and Ohio red winter, and $1.65@1.70 for white. The arrivals of Oats although not large, are sufficient to keep up the supply, and the market is quiet and unchanged; 58@5 according to quality. Ear Corn is in good supply, indeed it has commenced to accumulate slightly, but prices are still maintained; we continue to quote at 68 for white and mixed, and 70 for prime yellow. Shelled is quiet and unchanged; ranging from 73@75. Rye is quotable at $1@1.05. No movement in Barley.

GROCERIES—The heavy fall in the Coffee market continues heavy and depressed. The Rio telegram has come to hand, but it is not generally regarded as being favorable to holders, inasmuch as it reports increased receipts with prices unchanged. Sugars still quoted firm but unchanged, and the same is true of Molasses. Following quotations can be relied upon:

SUGARS.—Patent Cut Loaf, 12¾; Crushed, Powdered and Granulated, 11¾; Standard A, 10¾; B, 10¾; Ex. C, 10; Circle, 9¾; Franklin Extra C, 9¾; Franklin No. 2 Extra C, 9¾; Yellow Sugars, 8 to 8¾, as to quality.

COFFEE.—Choice Rio, 21@23; good to prime, 21@22; fair, 20@20, Roasted 1 pound packages, 26c; Java, 35c.

MOLASSES—Strictly prime new crop New Orleans, 70@75c; fair to prime old, 70@75.

SYRUPS—Extra White, 50@55c; Golden Drips, 40c; Amber, 30@35; lower grades, 25@30, as to quality.

RICE—Choice Carolina, 9¾; Patna, 8¾c; Rangoon, 8@8¼c.

HOMINY—Is quoted all the way from $4.75@5.25 ₱ brl.

HAY—The market for baledhi, if anything, a shade firmer, but prices are not quotably higher, ranging from $18@22 ₱ ton, as to quality.

ONIONS—Continue dull but unchanged, ranging from $4.50@7.50.

PEACHES—Prime Peach Blows quoted at $1.25@1.25 per bushel by the car load, and $1.50@1.60 in a jobbing way.

PROVISIONS—The demand is rather better, but prices remain unchanged. Dressed Chickens, 10@12¾. Turkeys, 16@16.

PROVISIONERS—Extra Sugar Cured Hams, 9 lb. 13. Extra Sugar Cured Pic nic Hams, Sugar cured Breakfast Bacon, 12 cts. Extra Sugar Cured Dried Beef, 16¾. Beef tongues, $7.50 ₱ dozen. Bacon Shoulders, 7¾. Boneless Shoulders, 8¼. Bacon Sides, 9¾c. Bacon Short Rib Sides, 9¾c. Bacon Clear Rib Sides, 10¾c. Mess Pork, $16.50. Prime Lard, Refined for summer use, in tres, 10¾. Do, half bbls, 11c. Do, bkts 11¾. Do, in 3 lb. caddies, 12¾c. Do in 5 lb. tins, 12¾c. Do in 10 lb. tins, 12¾. Do, in 2 lb. pails, 13¾. Do. in 5 lb pails, 13¾c. Ham Sausage, 10.

RAGS—Quoted at 2¾@3¾c.

SEEDS—Flax Seed is scarce and wanted; $2.10@2.15. Clover unchanged at $5.75@6, and Timothy at $3.50@3.75.

SALT—Is quoted at $1.60 ₱ brl. by the car load, and $1.85 in a jobbing way.

TALLOW—@7½@7¾c ₱ lb.

WHISKY—Highwines, $1.03@1.05 ₱ gallon.

PITTSBURGH LIVE STOCK MARKET.

CENTRAL STOCK YARDS, EAST LIBERTY, WEDNESDAY, February 11, 1874.

Following were arrivals of the different kinds of stock from and including Sunday up until noon to-day, and in order to afford a comparison we append those of the corresponding time last week:

	Cattle	Hogs	Sheep
Sunday.	101 cars	32 cars	4 cars
Monday.	82 "	37 "	11 "
Tuesday.	85 "	37 "	11 "
Wednesday—till noon	62 "	24 "	24 "
Total	280 "	97 "	40 "
Same time last week	216 "	105 "	79 "

CATTLE.

Trade opened up a little more active than last week, and continued so until to day, when the market is dull, in consequence of a stand off between buyers and sellers, came to a head how it will turn out or wind up, it is difficult at this writing to state, but the indications were that sellers would either have to concede or ship on further east. Holders this forenoon, almost without an exception, reported the market unsatisfactory. Alex. Greenwald reported having sold three cars from Chicago, and that they were $1,45½ over money. Wm. Hazlewood, of the firm of Hazlewood, Shackstock & Newton, had his mind made up at noon to ship cattle—he was undecided either to make something or lose, the price bid here would just about have covered cost. The position of the market to-day was the same as we were endeavoring to sustain last week's prices, while buyers demanded a reduction, hence, as already stated, business was brought to a stand, neither party willing to concede. While, as will be seen, the arrivals were somewhat in excess of those of the corresponding time last week; we were informed that there were fewer good cattle, and the bulk of those that were in this character came from Chicago. We repeat last week's quotations, but the probability is, unless there is a very perceptible falling off in the offerings and receipts, that there will be a reduction of at least 25c ₱ cwt before the close of the week.

QUOTATIONS.

Extra native steers, 1,500 lbs	6.25@6.50
Prime native steers, 1,300@1,400 lbs	6.00@6.10
Prime native steers, 1,200@1,300 lbs	5.75@5.75
Fair to medium 900@1,000 lbs	5.00@5.25
Good common stockers	4.00@4.50
Old cows, bulls, etc.	3.00@3.50

BREAK DOWN IN FREIGHTS.

The New York World of Tuesday says: The break in live stock freights and the reduction by the Vanderbilt syndicate of $20 per carload from Chicago and $15 from Buffalo was the absorbing topic among the trade to day. If the railroads could afford to transport 2 carloads per week at the rate of $70 per carload for Morris & Essex & Co why not carry all the Chicago cattle at the same figure? Well, the outside operators believe been sinking money for several years in the vain effort to compete with a company that had an advantage of $30 a head in freight rates are not likely to be made unhappy by the present reduction and equalization; and possibly the combination will be strong enough to stand by to weather the storm that only a few years ago carried down the stanch firm of John T. & George Lambert.

The new tariff of rates ₱ carload over the railroads conducted in the Vanderbilt interest is as follows:

	Tuesday.	We'day.
Chicago to New York	$80	$80
Chicago to Albany	71	71
Cincinnati to New York	75	75
Cincinnati to Albany	60	60
Indianapolis to New York	75	75
Indianapolis to Albany	67	67
Buffalo to New York	55	55
Buffalo to Albany	55	55

After the equalization of freights a move is to be made for a change in the method of selling cattle in this market. Instead of estimating the dressed weight it is proposed to have this market conform to the practice universally acknowledge to be the best and already adopted in every other important market place in this country, and have to sell the live weight here in future per 100 lbs, live weight. A few commission salesmen may object to the change, for should the credit system be also abandoned, the necessity for commission salesmen would be less than it now is. Anything that diminishes the cost of handling stock is a benefit to shippers and consumers, and if the system of selling by live weight can save us a couple of dollars per head on 9,000 beeves per week, is a strong argument in its favor.

The Tribune has the following on the same subject: Live stock freights over the New York Central Railroad and its connections are reduced more than 40 per cent. for beeves, reckoned at 2,000 pounds to the car, from Chicago to New York, $71 per car, against $120 before the change. The effect of this reduction and equalization of live stock freights upon the market, and all the other interests of the trade generally, was very freely discussed to-day in the market place. It appears that the firm of Morris & Essex & Co had the low rate of $70 per car from Chicago, and thus a virtual monopoly of the Chicago and Chicago bought cattle, and a very important advantage over most operators. Dealers here and at Chicago have been greatly disturbed with a fear growing power of Morris & Walxel combination and this discontented element is evidently well pleased with the break in freights and the consequent weakening of the Ring power. It cannot be denied that the giving of special low rates to shippers willing and able to contract to ship a large specified number of cattle per week operates to the injury of all operators not thus favored, and if long continued, must inevitably result in the concentration of the whole trade in the hands of a favored few, and in the transportation of all the stock over favored railroads. The railroad officials have evidently discovered the folly of fostering a combination that must become rich at the cost of the shippers of cattle and roads, and have resorted to low freights as a means of getting clear of contracts that promise no profit. A lively time may be looked for during the next sixty days.

HOGS.

There is a full supply of trash, and the market for this particular kind was exceedingly dull this week, and with an average demand and diminished supply, the market was stronger on the advance of from 15 to 25c per cwt. as to quality. The average quality of the offerings was common, and hence the better grades sold the most readily and at relatively better rates; two of our largest buyers, Eriaman and Pearce, reported an advance of ½@¾ as compared with this time last week, and salesmen, while they were not so sure in regard to the advance, conceded an improvement in the market for the selling interest. The supply here has been large for some weeks past, and taking this into consideration the market is held to be very firm than could reasonably have been expected under the circumstances. Extra fine wool sheep 10@10 2cs, 6¾@6¾; prime at 6@6¼; 3cs 5¾@5¾; 6@5¾. Extra open wool 12@13@ 2cs 6¾@7, 10@10 1cs 6@6¼; 8@9@ 2cs 5@5¾.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, February 11, 1874.

Trade, so far as our market is concerned, is rather dull, and there is good reason for it. There is no margin of profit at present rates, the raw material being higher relatively than the product, hence, refiners do not feel justified in buying the one or selling the other. Speculators are running the Crude market for the time being, hence excitement and fluctuations are the order of the day. The Parker dispatches quoted prices a little fifth to day, $7.82½, "United pipes" sales were reported as having been made yesterday at $7.20 and even $6.25. Refined is quiet, but, if anything, firmer. 15 for February; 10¾ for March and April, and 10¾ for March, April and May.

The barrel market continues dull, but prices have undergone no quotable change; countries, $1.70; city make, $1.75.

CRUDE OIL RECEIVED BY ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
Fisher Bros.	T. C. Van Tine O. W.	473
Stevenson	Radiant O. W.	471
Stevenson	Eagle O. W.	471
Stevenson	Central O. W.	314
Duncan	American O. W.	1,055
Total.		2,741

REFINED OIL SHIPPED EAST ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R. & WEST PENNA. R. R.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
Lockhart and P.	Warden F and Co.	451
Citizens Ref. Co.	Tack Bros.	563
Total		1,014

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, February 11, 1874.

FLOUR—Dull but unchanged; superfine $6.50@6.00.

GRAIN—Wheat dull and declined; No. 1 spring $1,23; No. 2 $1,20@1,20¼ cash; $1,21@1,21¼ seller March; $1,23¾ seller April; No. 3 $1,15. Corn dull and lower; No. 2 mixed 56¾c; cash 57c; seller March 62c; rejected 52¾@53c. Oats dull and unsettled; No. 2 42c cash; 42½c seller March; rejected 39@39½c. Rye steady and in moderate demand; No. 1 fresh 82@83c. Barley quiet; No. 2 $1,75@1,76; No. 3 $1,54@1,55.

HOGS—Dressed steady at $6.50@6.60.

PROVISIONS—Pork steady and in moderate demand at $14.25 cash; $14.30 seller March. Lard steady and in moderate demand and a shade higher at 9@10 cash. Meats steady and in moderate demand; shoulders 5½c; short rib middles 7½c. Bacon demand fair and market firm at 6¼, 8¼@8¾c packed.

Whisky—Demand fair and market firm at 96c.

New York.

NEW YORK, February 11.—Cotton in limited demand and weak at 16c. Flour quiet; superfine western and State $5,85@6,30; common to good $6,80@6,90; good to choice $6,85@7,10. Whisky more active at $1@1,01. Wheat dull and lower; No. 2 spring $1,54@1,55¾; No. 2 Milwaukee $1,56@1,57; No. 1 Minnesota and Milwaukee $1,59@1,65. Rye, barley and malt unchanged. Corn dull and lower; new western mixed afloat 79@82c; western yellow 82@83c. Oats a shade firmer; mixed western 61@62c; white western 61¾@63c. Hay firm at $30@40. Hops firm at $1,06@1,10. Groceries dull. Crude petroleum easier 7¼@7½c; refined quiet at 15c. Turpentine heavy at 49½c. Eggs firm at 20@24c. Leather firm at 27½@30c. Wool firm at 40@70c. Pork heavy at $16. Beef and cut meats unchanged. Middles unchanged. Lard stronger; prime steam 9¾c; March 9¾c. Butter and cheese unchanged.

Albany.—Manufactured copper steady; 32c for sheathing ingot heavy, and 25¾@24¾c for lake. Pig iron firm; $41,50@48,00 for Scotch and $29,00@36,00 for American. Bar firm and unchanged. Sheet quoted at 16¾@17½c gold for Russell. Nails firm; $4,00@4,15 for cut; $5,50@6,25 for clinch.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, February 11.—Cotton dull at 15½c. Flour steady and in moderate demand. Wheat quiet and weak at $1,45@1,50. Corn dull and nominal at 60@65c. Oats steady and in moderate demand at 46@54c. Rye scarce and firm at $1. Barley active at $1,63. Pork dull at $16@16,12½. Lard steady and in moderate demand; small sales at 8¾c; country kettle 8¾c; city held at 9@9 1-16c. Bulk meats steady and in moderate demand; shoulders 5¾@5¾c; clear rib 7¾c; clear 7¾@8c. Bacon: demand fair and market firm; shoulders 7¾@8c; clear rib 8¾c; clear 8¾c. Hogs dull; light $5,10@5,20; for common to good heavy $5,90@6,00; receipts 4,200, shipments 280. Whisky: demand fair and market firm at 96c.

Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, February 11.—Flour quiet and steady; western superfine $5,25@6,25; extra $6,75@7,25; family $7,50@8,75. Wheat quiet and steady; choice white $1,90@1,92. Corn quiet; mixed western dull; 79@80c. Oats firmer; southern and western 60@65c. Rye steady; 96@98c. Provisions very quiet. Butter excited, advancing tendency, but unchanged. Coffee dull and nominal. Whisky quiet; 99@$1,00.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, February 11.—Flour; dull; $5,50@5,90. Wheat; inactive. Corn; fair demand; 76@78. Rye active, 96. Oats steady; 58@63c. Coffee; quiet, 23¼@28c. Pork, $16,50. Beef hams, 25@26½; sides 9¼@9¾c; shoulders 7¾@7¾c; salted shoulders 6¾@6¾c. Lard held at 9¼@9¾c. Crude petroleum 12½c; refined 14½c. Brandy, 14½c. March. Whisky: steady; $1,01.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, February 11.—Cotton easier at 15½c. Flour, grain and hay quiet and unchanged. Provisions easier. Pork $15,50. Bulk shoulders 6@6½c; clear rib 8@8½c; clear 8¼@8¾c. Bacon: shoulders 7¾@7¾; clear rib 8¾c; clear 9¼@9¼c. Lard 9¾@10¼c. Whisky 93½c.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, February 11.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat quiet and weak; No 1 Milwaukee $1,24½; No 2 do $1,22¼. Oats dull; No 2 40¼c. Corn steady and nominal; No 2 mixed 57c. Rye steady with a moderate demand; No 1 78½c. Barley in fair demand and market firm; No 2 $1,75.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, February, 11.—Flour: quiet and unchanged. Wheat: dull and unsettled; amber Michigan $1,48¾; seller February $1,48¾; seller March $1,50@1,50½; seller April $1,55. Corn: dull and nominal; high mixed, seller April 62; new 60c. Oats: shade better; No 2 47¼c.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, February 11.—Cotton quiet; good ordinary 13¾@13¾c; low middling 14½@14¾c. Flour quiet and unchanged. Corn easier; 74@75c. Oats active; 58@59c. Lard dull; 9¼@10¼. Bulk meats easier; shoulders 6¼@6¾c; sides 8@8¼c.

Foreign.

LIVERPOOL, February 11.—Cotton hardening; 7¾@8¾d; sales of 15,000 bales; American 9,850 bales; speculation and export 3,000 bales. Breadstuffs quiet and unchanged. Pork unchanged at 68s. Other unchanged.

Oswego.

OSWEGO, February 11.—Wheat dull; No. 1 Milwaukee Club $1,59; No. 1 White Michigan $1,85. Corn quiet; 80c. Barley quiet; Canada held at $2,10@2,12½.

Nashville.

NASHVILLE, February 11.—Cotton steady; moderate demand; 12¾@13¾c. Corn 74@75c. Oats 60c. Flour, wheat and provisions quiet and unchanged. Whisky $1,01.

Buffalo.

BUFFALO, February 12.—Cattle: receipts, including reported arrivals, 54 head; total for the week 3,808; market strong at yesterday's prices, being ¾c advance on last week's closing rates; quality good. Sheep and lambs: receipts, including reported arrivals, 2,800 head; market active at ¼c declined from last week's closing prices. Hogs: receipts, including reported arrivals, 800; total for the week 13,000, against 18,500 for same time last week; market now and dull; Yorkers $5,25@5,62½; heavy $5,90@6.

NEW YORK, February 11.—Swine: to-day's arrivals 5,950; making 10,850 for two days; market weak and heavy; five quoted at 5¼@6c, with one car load sold at 5¾c; dressed ranged from 7 to 7¾c; western 6¾@7¼c.

Wool.

BOSTON, February 11.—There is no important change in the market for domestic wool. Manufacturers are buying moderately at current rates, and there is no pressure to sell on the part of holders. About three quarters of a million pounds fine fleece were bought up quietly in the past week, and to sell the same month per 100 lbs, live weight. A few commission salesmen may object to the change, for should the credit system be also abandoned, the necessity for commission salesmen would be less than it now is. Anything that diminishes the cost of handling stock is a benefit to shippers and consumers, and if the system of selling by live weight can save us a couple of dollars per head on 9,000 beeves per week, is a strong argument in its favor.

The Tribune has the following on the same subject: Live stock freights over the New York Central Railroad and its connections are reduced more than 40 per cent. for beeves, reckoned at 2,000 pounds to the car, from Chicago to New York, $71 per car, against $120 before the change. The effect of this reduction and equalization of live stock freights upon the market, and all the other interests of the trade generally, was very freely discussed to-day in the market place. It appears that the firm of Morris & Essex & Co had the low rate of $70 per car from Chicago, and thus a virtual monopoly of the Chicago and Chicago bought cattle, and a very important advantage over most operators. Dealers here and at Chicago have been greatly disturbed with a fear growing power of Morris & Walxel combination and this discontented element is evidently well pleased with the break in freights and the consequent weakening of the Ring power. It cannot be denied that the giving of special low rates to shippers willing and able to contract to ship a large specified number of cattle per week operates to the injury of all operators not thus favored, and if long continued, must inevitably result in the concentration of the whole trade in the hands of a favored few, and in the transportation of all the stock over favored railroads. The railroad officials have evidently discovered the folly of fostering a combination that must become rich at the cost of the shippers of cattle and roads, and have resorted to low freights as a means of getting clear of contracts that promise no profit. A lively time may be looked for during the next sixty days.

STEAMSHIPS.

PASSAGE
To and From Europe
TICKETS to and from any European port for all the principal lines of steamers.
PASSPORTS procured on shortest notice.
DRAFTS AND LETTERS OF CREDIT on all the principal cities of Europe and America.
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A. M. BARR,
143 Smithfield Street,
Agent for Inman, White Star, National, Guion State Line and Allan Lines of Steamers. Sales of steerage tickets by either of the above lines, sailing twice a week to and from New York and Liverpool, calling at Queenstown each way. Drafts issued on England, Ireland, Scotland, and all the principal towns in Europe from £1 and upwards.
Packages sent promptly to any part of Europe. Foreign Gold and Silver bought. Collections promptly made.
Office hours from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. Saturday until 8 P. M. All business entrusted to my care will receive prompt attention. oct27

RIVER PACKETS.

For Cincinnati and Louisville.
THURSDAY, February 12
THE ELEGANT PASSENGER STEAMER EXCHANGE.
S. SHUMAN.....Commander.
J. M. VANDEGRIFT.....Clerk.
Will leave as announced above.
For Freight or Passage apply on board, or to
FAIRMAN & HENDERSON, Agents,
BLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

For Louisville, Evansville, Cairo and St. Louis.
SATURDAY, February 14.
THE STEAMER
WILD DUCK AND BARGES.
C. F. AIKMAN, Mo.....Commander.
Will give through receipts to Nashville, Memphis, Vicksburg, New Orleans at lowest rates.
For freight apply on board or to
J. B. CONWAY.

Pittsburgh and Cincinnati Weekly Packet
GO OUT ON FIRST WATER.
THE FINE PASSENGER STEAMER JUNIATA.
C. L. BRENNAN.....Commander
W. S. DRAVO.....Clerk
Giving through receipts to Evansville, Nashville, Cairo, St. Louis, Memphis, Vicksburg, New Orleans.
For Freight or Passage, apply on board, or to
FAIRMAN & HENDERSON, Agents,
BLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

For Cincinnati, Louisville, Evansville, Cairo and St. Louis.
WILL LEAVE ON FIRST WATER.
THE POWERFUL TOWBOAT FEARLESS AND BARGES.
W. BUICKERSTAFF.....Captain.
L. W. SCOTT.....Clerk.
Will receipt through to Nashville, Memphis and New Orleans.
For Freight apply on board or to
BLACK & COLLINGWOOD, GRIEST & MACKEY, Agents.

LEGAL.

PROCLAMATION.

City of Pittsburgh, ss.

WHEREAS, There exists vacancies, by death and resignation, in the special and Common Councils of the City of Pittsburgh, viz.: by death of Samuel Moore, member of Common Council from the Seventeenth ward, and by the resignation of Mr. David Kirk, as member of Select Council from the Seventeenth ward;

Now, therefore, I, JAMES BLACKMORE, Mayor of the city of Pittsburgh, in pursuance of law, do issue this my proclamation, that on the THIRTEENTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, A. D. 1874, (being the Seventeenth day of the month,) the freemen of the Seventeenth and Eighteenth wards of said city, qualified to vote for members of the House of Representatives of this Commonwealth, will meet at the usual places of holding elections in said wards, and hold elections for the said vacancies in the Select and Common Councils of said city.

The electors of the 6 th precinct of the Seventeenth ward will meet at the Fortieth street School House in said ward, and the electors of the second precinct of the seventeenth ward will meet at the Hanford School House in said ward, and elect one member of Common Council to fill vacancy caused by the death of Mr. John Moore.

The electors of the Eighteenth ward will meet at the Public School House on Butler street, in said ward, and elect one member of Select Council to fill the unexpired term of Mr. David Kirk, resigned.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and annexed the seal of the City of Pittsburgh, this 29th day of January, A. D. 1874.

JAMES BLACKMORE, Mayor.

RIVER NEWS.

State of the Rivers, Movements of Steamboats, &c.

The river remains about stationary at this point, with five feet two inches in channel. Clear and pleasant: thawed freely where exposed to the sun, but it would freeze sharply again last night. Business at the landing continues dull.

There have been no arrivals or departures since the date of our last report. There are a number of towboats due.

The Exchange, Captain Sam Shuman, is announced to take her departure for Cincinnati to-day, and passengers and shippers should bear this in mind.

The Wild Duck is filling up steadily for St. Louis and intermediate points.

The Juniata for Cincinnati, and Fearless for St. Louis, will depart as soon as there is sufficient water to let them out.

The Esperanza left Cincinnati for this port on Tuesday, and it is not unlikely that the Mollie Ebert from New Orleans, will continue her trip to Pittsburgh, as she has considerable freight for this locality, including sugar and molasses.

John B. Guthrie, the democratic candidate for mayor, was steamboat clerk many years ago.

The St. Louis correspondence of the Cincinnati Commercial, dated 7th, says: "The proprietors of the different New Orleans lines held a meeting this afternoon, for the purpose of coming to some permanent understanding of their future operations. It is said the real object of the meeting is to effect the consolidation of the lines into a joint stock company, but nothing definite has been accomplished." It is too big a job to be accomplished in a day, and perhaps the consolidation of the Upper Mississippi lines all over. In this case there are four steamboat lines and one barge line to be fused, and all the trade of the river between St. Louis and New Orleans, except the 450 miles between St. Louis and Memphis, is to be under one management—daily line to New Orleans, the unsuitable boats to be laid up, superfluous secretaries, captains, clerks, pilots, engineers, agents, &c., dispensed with, &c., &c. The assertion is now made that Commodore Kountz is represented at the conferences, of which there was another last evening. It will, perhaps, be better for all, if reporters and correspondents refrain from publishing rumors in relation to the enterprise. When the arrangements are completed they will be published, but anything previous to then is unauthorized and unreliable.—St. Louis Democrat.

—Wednesday's Cincinnati Gazette says: There were 15 steamers at the wharf last evening, which gave an appearance of activity unusual.

The Mount Clare started up the river Monday night with a tow of empty barges.—The Ed. Howard left for Pittsburgh, with a tow of iron ore, was momentarily expected last evening.—The Esperanza, St. Louis to Pittsburgh, left off at Harrods coal tar and passed up Pilots, W. H. Dorsey and Johnson Mulrine.

—Captain Dodson, writing from above Des Arc, says: We have only pulled forty one snags in this river, but the river now is nearly bank full, and has put an end to our snagging operations for the year. We are now cutting a few trees on caving banks.

—The steamer Colossal arrived at Keokuk from St. Louis on Thursday afternoon—the first steamer from the south at that port on February in a number of years. The river has been navigable between Keokuk and St. Louis all winter but 2 days exception.

—The Wheeling Intelligencer says: We understand that as soon as the river opens there will be a new packet between Matamoras and Pittsburgh. The steamer Argosy is spoken of as the coming boat. The Rankin is the only boat in that trade at present.

—Pilot James H. Watson, of the steamer Jas. Rees, was married to Miss Kittie Simmes, of Virginia, Marshal

HOME NEWS.

Municipal Bonds.

No better investment for estates and for those having money can be made than to buy Municipal bonds. We notice that George B. Hill & Co. offer them for sale. See card on first page.

Letters Held for Postage Feb. 11, 1874.

Cline, J. A., Beaver Falls, Pa., 1; Cavitt, Lizzy, Blosomville, Pa., 1; Historical Bureau, Sunville, Pa., 3; Miller, Sophia, Carrick, Pa., 1; McCandless, Maggie, Pittsburgh, 2.

E. C. NEGLEY, P. M.

God In the Constitution.

Rev. A. M. Milligan will address the citizens of Temperanceville on the Government Reform movement this (Thursday) evening, in the U. P. Church, at 7 o'clock. Rev. W. H. Knox, Rev. D. B. Wilson, Rev. Collins, and Rev. Shaw are also expected to be speakers on this occasion.

Sudden Death.

Mr. James Kelvington, an old and respected citizen of Moon township, died suddenly on Wednesday, 4th inst. He had been in his usual health and was at work on the day of his death, but feeling unwell, he went to the house, and a few minutes after crossing the threshold he sank down and died.

Meeting in Birmingham To-morrow Night.

The citizen taxpayers of Birmingham who want to hear something of the record of our candidate for Mayor, Wm. C. McCarthy, should attend the meeting to morrow night at the corner of Sarah and Eighteenth streets. The meeting will be addressed by Messrs. Swartzweider, McIlwaine and Haymaker, and every voter who wants to learn the truth of the situation should not fail to be on hand.

Bank Directors.

The following changes have occurred in the Board of Directors of the Franklin Savings Fund and Safe Deposit Company:

Joseph M. Gazzam, Andrew J. Lee, of Atwell, Lee & Co., George M. Reed, of James R. Reed & Co., in place of A. L. McFarlane, M. W. Sackett, John W. Haney. Mr. Gazzam was elected President, vice A. L. McFarlane.

This Board is composed of our very best business men, and is worthy the confidence of all, who want to do business with a safe bank.

Literary Society.

A Literary Society has been organized at McKee's school house, in North Fayette township. The last meeting was a very interesting one. Declamations were given by John C. McMeen, John Johns, Nannie Cooper, Mary Conway and Jennie E. Robb. Essays were read by Misses Sadie Cooper, Jennie Brown and Flora McMichael. Original orations were delivered by Thomas E. Stewart and Thomas W. Conway. Mr. Stewart spoke on "Education" and Mr. Conway on "The Proposed Amendment to the Constitution." At the next meeting an exciting debate is expected between Messrs. J. W. Liggett and Thos. W. Conway.

The Kirk Committee.

Yesterday afternoon the Executive Committee representing the parties who advocate the election of Mr. Kirk, held a meeting at the Select Council chamber, Mr. David Allen presiding. The attendance was smaller than in the preceding day, and the business consisted simply of appointing vigilance committees and electing permanent officers.

Mr. W. B. Negley was chosen permanent President with a regular complement of other officers, and after being in session about ten minutes the meeting adjourned.

As will be seen by call published elsewhere, the committee will hold another meeting to-day.

Riot at a Wedding.

There was a wedding at the residence of Mr. Daniel Hertz, of Tallacavy, the other night. Tallacavy is in Hampton township, and on this occasion the hymenial festivities attached to the town and the house a party who were not bidden guests. Those uninvited became, it is said, somewhat hilarious in their demonstrations, and manifested the exuberance of their feelings by breaking in doors and wrecking windows in a way that considerably interfered with the enjoyment of the attendants as the wedding.

Mr. Hertz objected to the sport and yesterday called upon Deputy Mayor Nellie, where he made informations for riot against four brothers named Stubbs, Henry Lamb, Daniel Beltzel, and Messrs. Osbourne, Herr, Waddle, McFarland and Rice. Warrants were issued.

Western Pennsylvania Poultry Show.

The above Society held its annual meeting at the City Hall on Tuesday last. The business was mainly to elect officers for the ensuing year, and accordingly the following gentlemen were elected:

President—E. Gregg, Allegheny. Vice Presidents—O. B. Ecbes, Pittsburgh, Robert Henderson, Allegheny, W. A. Reed, Allegheny, Kinder Blair, Allegheny, Geo. W. Evans, Allegheny, John Dyer, Allegheny, Rev. F. R. Wotring, Mansfield, J. N. McDonald, McDonald's Station. Treasurer—C. A. Stevens, Allegheny; Corresponding Secretary—A. A. Miller, Oakdale. Recording Secretary—R. F. Shannon, Pittsburgh. Executive Committee—John Morrow, Allegheny, David Meldrum, Pittsburgh, J. M. Geehing, Allegheny, S. H. Cook McDonald, D. J. Rogers, Manchester, R. W. Stinger, Allegheny, J. Morrison Hall, Sewickley, C. C. Richart, Pittsburgh.

Mr. Phillips' Call.

We publish this morning the call of Mr. Ormsby Phillips to permit his name to come before the citizens of Allegheny on Tuesday next for the office of Mayor. If calls amount to anything, we would say Mr. Phillips has a very strong one, and if all the gentlemen who sign it would do as they promise to do, then Mr. Phillips would have strong backing, but heretofore not one-half of those who sign calls pretend to do what they say they will do, and, in fact, too many of them never go near the polls.

Mr. Phillips is one of the best citizens we have in Allegheny county, and we believe if elected would make a good Mayor, but we do not think he can defeat Mr. Smith, who has the prestige of being the regular nominee of the party, and who will be supported by the unanimous vote of the Germans, and the colored voters, and besides will poll more Democratic votes than will Mr. Phillips. We hope and believe both parties will treat each other honorably in the canvass, so that whoever wins, he will have the support of the defeated party in administering the office as it should be.

Resolutions of Respect.

SOUTH SIDE GAS COMPANY, }
PITTSBURGH, February 10, 1874. }

WHEREAS, It has pleased God to call from earthly toils to heavenly rest Mr. John P. Pears, for many years the esteemed President of this Company, therefore

Resolved, That we deeply sympathize with the family and friends of the deceased, and beg them to accept these assurances of our unaffected regret at his death. The stockholders of this Company have shown their estimate of his official acts, and their personal regard, by unanimously re-electing him President for fifteen consecutive years. We who have met with him from month to month during many of these years, would, if it were possible, bear yet warmer testimony to his worth.

Honorable and upright in all his dealing, generous and kindly dowards even the smallest thing, equable in temper, but immovable in defence of what was good and true, a sincere Christian, a loyal citizen, a business man without reproach. City, community and church may well mourn when such a man is called from the earth.

W. C. Aughinbaugh, Alex'r. C. Robinson,
James Caldwell, James S. McCord,
J. W. McGeary, John A. Caughey,
David Robinson, Fred'k. S. Jamsen,
Directors.

North Fayette Teachers' Institute.

The last meeting of the North Fayette Teachers' Institute was held at Miss Ollie L. McEwen's school (No. 6), on Saturday, January 31st. A large audience was present to witness the performances of the pupils and teachers. The exercises of the occasion were of a varied and interesting character, and Miss McEwin sustained her reputation as an excellent teacher. Misses Annie Crawford and Tirzah Jackson read very fine essays, and Mary Conroy spoke an amusing piece on "The Toothache." Several dialogues